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SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1. **Product Identifier**

Product Form: Mixture Product Name: Aluminum Alloys Synonyms: Al

1.2. **Intended Use of the Product**

Use of the Substance/Mixture: No use is specified.

Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party 1.3.

Distributor

ThyssenKrupp Materials NA, Inc. 22355 W. Eleven Mile Road Southfield, Michigan 48034 TEL: 248-233-5713

1.4. **Emergency Telephone Number**

Emergency Number : 248-233-5713

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

Not classified

2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling No labeling applicable

Other Hazards 2.3.

This product is present in a massive form as an alloy. It does not present the same hazards when the individual components are in their powdered forms. The materials present in this product in their powdered forms present aquatic toxicity to the environment, pyrophoricity, flammability, self-heating capabilities, carcinogenicity, water reactivity, and acute toxicity. When processed or where dust is generated a combustible dust hazard may be present. Avoid generating dust, generating sparks, ignition sources, and take all precautions.

Inhalation of dusts and fumes can cause metal fume fever. Symptoms can include a metallic or sweet taste in the mouth, sweating, shivering, headache, throat irritation, fever, chills, thirstiness, muscle aches, nausea, vomiting, weakness, fatigue, and shortness of breath.

Under normal use and handling of the solid form of this material there are few health hazards. Cutting, welding, melting, grinding etc. of these materials will produce dust, fume or particulate containing the component elements of these materials. Exposure to the dust, fume or particulate of these materials may present significant health hazards. Exposure to dust or fume may cause irritation of the eyes, skin and respiratory tract. Fine particulates dispersed in air may present an explosion hazard.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US) No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. **Substances**

N	ot	а	p	p

Not applicable			
Name	Product Identifier	% (w/w)	Classification (GHS-US)
Aluminum	(CAS No) 7429-90-5	80 - 99.7	Comb. Dust
			Flam. Sol. 1, H228
			Water-react. 2, H261
Silicon	(CAS No) 7440-21-3	10 - 20	Comb. Dust
Copper	(CAS No) 7440-50-8	1 - 5, 5 -	Comb. Dust
		10, 10 - 20	Aquatic Acute 1, H400
			Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
Cobalt	(CAS No) 7440-48-4	0.1 - 1, 1 -	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302
		5, 5 -10	Acute Tox. 1 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H330
			Eye Irrit. 2A, H319

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			Resp. Sens. 1B, H334
			Skin Sens. 1, H317
			Carc. 2, H351
			Repr. 2, H361
			Aquatic Acute 3, H402
			Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
Zinc oxide	(CAS No) 1314-13-2	1 - 5, 5 -10	Aquatic Acute 1, H400
			Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
Tin	(CAS No) 7440-31-5	1 - 5, 5 -10	Comb. Dust
Manganese	(CAS No) 7439-96-5	1 - 5, 5 -10	Comb. Dust
Lead	(CAS No) 7439-92-1	1 - 5, 5 -10	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302
			Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H332
			Carc. 1B, H350
			Repr. 1A, H360
			STOT RE 1, H372
			Aquatic Acute 1, H400
			Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
Nickel	(CAS No) 7440-02-0	< 0.1, 0.1 -	Skin Sens. 1, H317
		1, 1 - 2.4	Carc. 2, H351
			STOT RE 1, H372
			Aquatic Acute 1, H400
			Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
Silver	(CAS No) 7440-22-4	0.1 - 1	Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
			STOT SE 3, H335
			Aquatic Acute 1, H400

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First Aid Measures

General: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. **Inhalation:** When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Keep at rest and in a position comfortable for breathing. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

Skin Contact: Cool skin rapidly with cold water after contact with molten product. Removal of solidified molten material from skin requires medical assistance. Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Obtain medical attention if irritation persists.

Eye Contact: Removal of solidified molten material from the eyes requires medical assistance. Immediately rinse with water for a prolonged period (at least 15 minutes) while holding the eyelids wide open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: Welding, cutting, or processing this material may release dust or fumes that are hazardous.

Inhalation: Inhalation of dusts and fumes can cause metal fume fever. Symptoms can include a metallic or sweet taste in the mouth, sweating, shivering, headache, throat irritation, fever, chills, thirstiness, muscle aches, nausea, vomiting, weakness, fatigue, and shortness of breath.

Skin Contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dust from physical alteration of this product causes skin irritation. Causes severe skin burns. Contact with fumes or metal powder will irritate skin. Contact with hot, molten metal will cause thermal burns. Dust may cause irritation in skin folds or by contact in combination with tight clothing. Mechanical damage via flying particles and chipped slag is possible.

Eye Contact: Dust may cause mechanical irritation to eyes, nose, throat, and lungs.

Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.

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Chronic Symptoms: In massive form, no hazard exists. If physically altered to present slivers, ribbons, dusts or fumes from molten material: Aluminum: Inhalation of finely divided aluminum powder may cause pulmonary fibrosis. Inhalation of Nickel compounds has been shown in studies to provide an increased incidence of cancer of the nasal cavity, lung and possibly larynx in nickel refinery workers. Nickel: May cause a form of dermatitis known as nickel itch and intestinal irritation, which may cause disorders, convulsions and asphyxia. Manganese : Chronic exposure can cause inflammation of the lung tissue, scarring the lungs (pulmonary fibrosis). Copper: Overexposure to fumes may cause metal fume fever (chills, muscle aches, nausea, fever, dry throat, cough, weakness, lassitude); metallic or sweet taste; discoloration of skin and hair. Tissue damage of mucous membranes may follow chronic dust exposure. Silicon : Can cause chronic bronchitis and narrowing of the airways. Lead: Exposure can result in lassitude (weakness, exhaustion), insomnia; facial pallor; anorexia, weight loss, malnutrition; constipation, abdominal pain, colic; anemia; gingival lead line; tremor; encephalopathy; kidney disease; hypertension. Zinc: Prolonged exposure to high concentrations of zinc fumes may cause "zinc shakes", an involuntary twitching of the muscles. Otherwise, zinc is non-toxic. Tin: Has been shown to increase incidence of sarcoma in animal tests. Chronic exposure to tin dusts and fume may result in "stannosis", a mild form of pneumoconiosis. Silver: Chronic skin contact or ingestion of silver dust, salts or fume can result in a condition known as Argyria, a condition with bluish pigmentation of the skin and eyes.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire. Dry sand; Class D Extinguishing Agent (for metal powder fires).

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire. Do not use water when molten material is involved, may react violently or explosively on contact with water.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: A non-combustible material, not considered flammable but will melt above 1215 °F (657.2 °C).

Explosion Hazard: In molten state: reacts violently with water (moisture).

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Under fire conditions, hazardous fumes will be present.

Firefighting Instructions: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Oxides of tin. Oxides of nickel. Oxides of copper. Oxides of silicone and carbon. Oxides of lead. Oxides of aluminum. Oxides of silver.

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to section 9 for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe vapors from molten product. Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe dust, fumes, and vapors.

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

6.3. Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain and collect as any solid.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. For particulates and dust: Avoid actions that cause dust to become airborne during clean-up such as dry sweeping or using compressed air. Use PPE described in Section 8. Vacuum must be fitted with HEPA filter to prevent release of particulates during clean-up.

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6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See heading 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection. Concerning disposal elimination after cleaning, see item 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: May generate flammable/explosive dusts or turnings when brushed, machined or ground. Use care during processing to minimize generation of dust. Where excessive dust may result, use approved respiratory protection equipment. Heating of product can release toxic or irritating fumes; ensure proper ventilation is employed, proper precautions are enforced, and applicable regulations are followed. Inhalation of fumes may cause metal fume fever.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, or smoking and again when leaving work. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Alkalis. Metal oxides. Water, humidity. Corrosive substances in contact with metals may produce flammable hydrogen gas.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)

No use is specified.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established Exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), Canadian provincial governments, or the Mexican government.

Aluminum (7429-90-5)				
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (dust)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)		
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m ³ (total dust)		
		5 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)		
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³ (total dust)		
		5 mg/m ³ (respirable dust)		
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (dust)		
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1.0 mg/m ³ (respirable)		
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)		
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³ (metal dust)		
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)		
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)		
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³		
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³		
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³		
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³		
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m ³ (respirable)		
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)		
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³		
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³ (dust)		
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (dust)		
Silicon (7440-21-3)				
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)		
Mexico	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³		
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	15 mg/m ³ (total dust)		
		5 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)		
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³ (total dust)		
		5 mg/m ³ (respirable dust)		

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British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³ (total dust)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m ³ (respirable mass)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m ³ (respirable mass)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³ (total dust)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline
		silica-total dust)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	20 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	30 mppcf
Copper (7440-50-8)		
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³ (fume)
		1 mg/m ³ (dust and mist)
Mexico	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (fume)
		2 mg/m ³ (dust and mist)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³ (fume)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	0.1 mg/m ³ (fume)
		1 mg/m ³ (dust and mist)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1 mg/m ³ (dust and mist)
		0.1 mg/m³ (fume)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	100 mg/m ³ (dust, fume and mist)
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m ³ (fume)
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³ (dust and mist)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³ (fume)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³ (fume)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³ (fume)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³ (fume)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.6 mg/m ³ (fume)
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³ (fume)
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.6 mg/m ³ (fume)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m ³ (fume)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m ³ (fume)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³ (fume)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³ (fume)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.6 mg/m ³ (fume)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³ (fume)
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³ (fume)
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³ (fume)
Cobalt (7440-48-4)		
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	0.1 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	0.05 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	20 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³
		0.02 mg/m

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Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.3 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m ³ (metal-dust and fume)
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.3 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.02 mg/m ³
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.02 mg/m ³
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.06 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.02 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.15 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
Zinc oxide (1314-13-2)	-	
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (fume)
		10 mg/m ³ (dust)
Mexico	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (fume)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (fume)
		15 mg/m ³ (total dust)
		5 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m³)	5 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (fume)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (mg/m ³)	15 mg/m ³ (dust)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	500 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (respirable)
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (respirable)
British Columbia	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (respirable)
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (respirable)
Manitoba	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
New Brunswick	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (fume)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and
		<1% Crystalline silica, dust)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
Nova Scotia	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (fume)
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (fume)
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (fume)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m ³ (fume)
Ontario	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³ (respirable)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m ³ (respirable)
Prince Edward Island	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)
Québec	VECD (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³ (fume)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³ (containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline
		silica-total dust)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (dust and fume, respirable fraction)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (dust and fume, respirable fraction)
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (fume)

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Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (fume)		
Tin (7440-31-5)				
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³		
Mexico	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	4 mg/m ³		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³		
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³		
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	100 mg/m ³		
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³		
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³		
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³		
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³		
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³		
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³		
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³		
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³		
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³		
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	4 mg/m ³		
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³		
Manganese (7439-96-5)				
Manganese (7455 56 5) Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³		
		1 mg/m ³ (fume)		
Mexico	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	3 mg/m ³ (fume)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)		
		0.1 mg/m^3 (inhalable fraction)		
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (fume)		
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³ (fume)		
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m ³)	3 mg/m ³		
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	500 mg/m ³		
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³		
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³		
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)		
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³		
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)		
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)		
Nunavut	OEL Ceiling (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³		
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	3 mg/m ³ (fume)		
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³ (fume)		
Northwest Territories	OEL Ceiling (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³		
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	3 mg/m ³ (fume)		
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m ³ (fume)		
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.2 mg/m ³		
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.02 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction)		
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³ (total dust and fume)		
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.6 mg/m ³		
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.2 mg/m ³		
Yukon	OEL Ceiling (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³		
Lead (7439-92-1)				
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.15 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)		
Mexico USA ACGIH	OEL TWA (mg/m ³) ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	0.15 mg/m ³ (dust and fume) 0.05 mg/m ³		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	0.05 mg/m ³		

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USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	100 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m ³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m ³
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m ³
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m ³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m ³
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.45 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.15 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.45 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.15 mg/m ³
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m ³ (designated substances regulation)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m ³
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	0.05 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.15 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.05 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.45 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.15 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
Nickel (7440-02-0)		· · · ·
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	1.5 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	0.015 mg/m ³
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1.5 mg/m ³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.05 mg/m ³
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1.5 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1.5 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1.5 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³ (inhalable)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1.5 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	3 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1.5 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	3 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	1 mg/m ³
Silver (7440-22-4)		
Mexico	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m ³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	0.1 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	0.01 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	0.01 mg/m ³ (dust)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³ (dust)
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.1 mg/m ³
British Columbia	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	0.03 mg/m ³
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.01 mg/m ³
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	0.1 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
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New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m ³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.3 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.3 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m ³
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m ³ (dust and fume)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	0.1 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.3 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.1 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m³)	0.03 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m³)	0.01 mg/m ³

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Use local exhaust or general dilution ventilation or other suppression methods to maintain dust levels below exposure limits. Power equipment should be equipped with proper dust collection devices. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Personal Protective Equipment: Protective clothing. Gloves. Safety glasses. Dust formation: dust mask. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.



Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. With molten material wear thermally protective clothing.

Hand Protection: Wear chemically resistant protective gloves. If material is hot, wear thermally resistant protective gloves.

Eye Protection: Chemical goggles or safety glasses.

Skin and Body Protection: Wear suitable protective clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Respiratory Protection: Use a NIOSH-approved respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus whenever exposure may exceed established Occupational Exposure Limits.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on Basic Physical	and Chemical Properties
Physical State	: Solid
Appearance	: Metallic
Odor	: Odorless
Odor Threshold	: Not available
рН	: Not available
Evaporation Rate	: Not available
Melting Point	: 440 - 1215 °F (226.7 - 657.2 °C)
Freezing Point	: Not available
Boiling Point	: Not available
Flash Point	: Not applicable
Auto-ignition Temperature	: Not available
Decomposition Temperature	: Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available
Lower Flammable Limit	: Not available
Upper Flammable Limit	: Not available
Vapor Pressure	: Not available
Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C	: Not available

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Relative Density	:	Not available
Specific Gravity	:	2.5 - 2.9
Solubility	:	Insoluble in water
Partition Coefficient: N-octanol/water	:	Not available
Viscosity	:	Not available
Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact	:	Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to mechanical impact.
Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Static Discharge	:	Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to static discharge.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

10.2. Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to Avoid: Avoid creating or spreading dust. Sparks, heat, open flame and other sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible Materials: When molten: water. Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Alkalis. Metal oxides. Moisture. Corrosive substances in contact with metals may produce flammable hydrogen gas.

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products: Oxides of iron and carbon. Organic acid vapors. With acids, aluminum metals, or ammonium salts may react to form toxic vapors. May form solid compounds releasing heat. Lead compounds.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

Acute Toxicity: Not classified.

LD50 and LC50 Data: Not available

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified. Not classified.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Teratogenicity: Not classified

Carcinogenicity: Not classified.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified.

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Inhalation of dusts and fumes can cause metal fume fever. Symptoms can include a metallic or sweet taste in the mouth, sweating, shivering, headache, throat irritation, fever, chills, thirstiness, muscle aches, nausea, vomiting, weakness, fatigue, and shortness of breath.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dust from physical alteration of this product causes skin irritation. Causes severe skin burns. Contact with fumes or metal powder will irritate skin. Contact with hot, molten metal will cause thermal burns. Dust may cause irritation in skin folds or by contact in combination with tight clothing. Mechanical damage via flying particles and chipped slag is possible.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Dust may cause mechanical irritation to eyes, nose, throat, and lungs.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: In massive form, no hazard exists. If physically altered to present slivers, ribbons, dusts or fumes from molten material: Aluminum: Inhalation of finely divided aluminum powder may cause pulmonary fibrosis. Inhalation of Nickel compounds has been shown in studies to provide an increased incidence of cancer of the nasal cavity, lung and possibly larynx in nickel refinery workers. Nickel: May cause a form of dermatitis known as nickel itch and intestinal irritation, which may cause disorders, convulsions and asphyxia. Manganese : Chronic exposure can cause inflammation of the lung tissue, scarring the lungs (pulmonary fibrosis). Copper: Overexposure to fumes may cause metal fume fever (chills, muscle aches, nausea, fever, dry throat, cough, weakness, lassitude); metallic or sweet taste; discoloration of skin and hair. Tissue damage of mucous membranes may follow chronic dust exposure. Silicon : Can cause chronic bronchitis and narrowing of the airways. Lead: Exposure can result in lassitude (weakness, exhaustion), insomnia; facial pallor; anorexia, weight loss, malnutrition; constipation, abdominal pain, colic; anemia; gingival lead line; tremor; encephalopathy; kidney disease; hypertension. Zinc: Prolonged exposure to high concentrations of zinc fumes may cause "zinc shakes", an involuntary twitching of the muscles. Otherwise, zinc is non-toxic. Tin: Has been shown to increase incidence of sarcoma in animal tests. Chronic exposure to tin dusts and fume may result in "stannosis", a mild form of pneumoconiosis. Silver:

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Chronic skin contact or ingestion of silver dust, salts or fume can result in a condition known as Argyria, a condition with bluish pigmentation of the skin and eyes.

11.2. Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

LD50 and LC50 Data:	
Cobalt (7440-48-4)	
LD50 Oral Rat	215.9 - 1140 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 10 mg/l (Exposure time: 1 h)
ATE US (dust, mist)	0.01 mg/l/4h
Zinc oxide (1314-13-2)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
Tin (7440-31-5)	
LD50 Oral Rat	700 mg/kg
Manganese (7439-96-5)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
Lead (7439-92-1)	
ATE US (oral)	500.00 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.50 mg/l/4h
Nickel (7440-02-0)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 9000 mg/kg
Silver (7440-22-4)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 2000 mg/kg
Cobalt (7440-48-4)	
IARC Group	2B
Lead (7439-92-1)	
IARC Group	2A
National Toxicity Program (NTP) Status	Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen.
Nickel (7440-02-0)	
IARC Group	2B
National Toxicity Program (NTP) Status	Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen.
SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION	

12.1. Toxicity No additional information available

Copper (7440-50-8)	
LC50 Fish 1	<= 0.0068 (0.0068 - 0.0156) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas)
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.03 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms 1	0.0426 (0.0426 - 0.0535) mg/l (Exposure time: 72 h - Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata [static])
LC 50 Fish 2	0.3 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms 2	0.031 (0.031 - 0.054) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata [static])
Cobalt (7440-48-4)	
LC50 Fish 1	100 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio [static])
Zinc oxide (1314-13-2)	
LC50 Fish 1	780 μg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas)
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.122 mg/l
NOEC chronic fish	0.026 mg/l (Species: Jordanella floridae)

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Manganese (7439-96-5)			
NOEC chronic fish 3.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 96h; Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss)			
Lead (7439-92-1)			
LC50 Fish 1	0 44 mg/l (Exposure tin	ne: 96 h - Species: Cyprinus carpio [semi-static])	
EC50 Daphnia 1		e: 48 h - Species: water flea)	
LC 50 Fish 2	1.6.1.1	ne: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [flow-through])	
	1.17 116/1 (Exposure th		
Nickel (7440-02-0)	400 ///5		
LC50 Fish 1		ne: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio)	
EC50 Daphnia 1		osure time: 48h - Species: Ceriodaphnia dubia [static])	
LC 50 Fish 2		e: 96 h - Species: Cyprinus carpio [semi-static])	
EC50 Daphnia 2		48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])	
EC50 Other Aquatic Organisms 2	0.174 (0.174 - 0.311) m [static])	ng/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	
Silver (7440-22-4)			
LC50 Fish 1	0.00155 (0.00155 - 0.00 [static])	0293) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas	
EC50 Daphnia 1		e time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])	
LC 50 Fish 2		time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [flow-through])	
Persistence and Degradability			
Aluminum Alloys			
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.		
Copper (7440-50-8)			
Persistence and Degradability	Not readily biodegrada	hle	
	Not readily bloacgrada		
12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential			
Aluminum Alloys			
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.		
Cobalt (7440-48-4)			
BCF Fish 1	(no bioaccumulation)		
12.4. Mobility in Soil Not a	vailable		
12.5. Other Adverse Effects			
Other Information: Avoid release to the	environment.		
SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDER	ATIONS		
13.1. Waste treatment methods			
Waste Treatment Methods: Recycle pro	duct or dispose properly.		
		accordance with all local, regional, national, and international	
regulations.			
SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORM	ATION		
14.1. In Accordance with DOT	Not regulated for trans	port	
14.2. In Accordance with IMDG	Not regulated for trans	•	
14.3. In Accordance with IATA	Not regulated for trans	-	
14.4. In Accordance with TDG	-		
	Not regulated for trans		
SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORM 15.1. US Federal Regulations	ΛΑΤΙΟΝ		
Aluminum Alloys			
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	[Delayed (chronic) health hazard	
Aluminum (7429-90-5)		·	
	ubstances Control Act) ir	nventory	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Listed on United States SARA Section 313			
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting		L.0 % (dust or fume only)	
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Silicon (7440-21-3)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
Copper (7440-50-8)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	, inventory	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 %	
Cobalt (7440-48-4) Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act	1 inventory	
Listed on United States SARA Section 313) inventory	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	0.1 %	
	0.170	
Zinc oxide (1314-13-2)	· · · ·	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act	;) inventory	
Tin (7440-31-5)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Manganese (7439-96-5)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Listed on United States SARA Section 313		
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 %	
Lead (7439-92-1)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	, ,	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	0.1 %	
Nickel (7440-02-0)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	, ,	
RQ (Reportable Quantity, Section 304 of EPA's List of Lists):	100 lb (only applicable if particles are < 100 μm)	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	0.1 %	
Silver (7440-22-4)	•	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Listed on United States SARA Section 313	, .	
RQ (Reportable Quantity, Section 304 of EPA's List of Lists):	1000 lb < 100 um CERCLA/SARA RQ CHANGE TITLE	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 %	
15.2. US State Regulations		
Cobalt (7440-48-4)		
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of	
0.5 Camornia - Proposition 05 - Carcinogens List	California to cause cancer.	
Lood (7420-02-1)		
Lead (7439-92-1)	WADNING: This product contains chamicals known to the State of	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of	
o.o Camornia - Proposition os - Developmentar roxicity	California to cause birth defects.	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity -	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of	
Female	California to cause (Female) reproductive harm.	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity -	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of	
Male	California to cause (Male) reproductive harm.	
Nickel (7440-02-0)	WADNING: This product contains chamicals known to the State of	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of	

California to cause cancer.

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Aluminum (7429-90-5)
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Silicon (7440-21-3)
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Copper (7440-50-8)
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Cobalt (7440-48-4)
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Zinc oxide (1314-13-2)
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Tin (7440-31-5)
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Manganese (7439-96-5)
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Lead (7439-92-1)
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Nickel (7440-02-0)
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Special Hazardous Substances
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Silver (7440-22-4)
U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
15.3. Canadian Regulations

Aluminum Alloys

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WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria
Aluminum (7429-90-5)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (D	Domestic Substances List)
Listed on the Canadian IDL (In	gredient Disclosure List)
IDL Concentration 1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 6 - Reactive Flammable Material
	Class B Division 4 - Flammable Solid
Silicon (7440-21-3)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (D	Domestic Substances List)
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria
Copper (7440-50-8)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (D	Oomestic Substances List)
Listed on the Canadian IDL (In	
IDL Concentration 1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria
Cobalt (7440-48-4)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (D	Oomestic Substances List)
Listed on the Canadian IDL (In	gredient Disclosure List)
IDL Concentration 0.1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects
	Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects
Zinc oxide (1314-13-2)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (D	Domestic Substances List)
Listed on the Canadian IDL (In	gredient Disclosure List)
IDL Concentration 1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria
Tin (7440-31-5)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (D	Domestic Substances List)
Listed on the Canadian IDL (In	gredient Disclosure List)
IDL Concentration 1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria
Manganese (7439-96-5)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (D	Oomestic Substances List)
Listed on the Canadian IDL (In	gredient Disclosure List)
IDL Concentration 1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria
Lead (7439-92-1)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (D	Domestic Substances List)
Listed on the Canadian IDL (In	
IDL Concentration 0.1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects
Nickel (7440-02-0)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (D	Domestic Substances List)
Listed on the Canadian IDL (In	
IDL Concentration 0.1 %	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects
Silver (7440-22-4)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (D	Domestic Substances List)
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IDL Concentration 1 % WHMIS Classification Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria	Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)		
WHMIS Classification Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria	IDL Concentration 1 %		
	WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria	

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all of the information required by CPR.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Revision Date

: 12/15/2014

Other Information

: This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Acute Tox. 1 (Inhalation:dust,mist)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 1
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 4
(Inhalation:dust,mist)	Acute toxicity (initialation.dust, inist) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Acute 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 3
Carc. 1B	Carcinogenicity Category 1B
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity Category 2
Comb. Dust	Combustible Dust
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Flam. Sol. 1	Flammable solids Category 1
Repr. 1A	Reproductive toxicity Category 1A
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity Category 2
Resp. Sens. 1B	Respiratory sensitisation Category 1B
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization Category 1
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
Water-react. 2	Substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit flammable gases Category 2
H228	Flammable solid
	May form combustible dust concentrations in air
H261	In contact with water releases flammable gases
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H330	Fatal if inhaled
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H350	May cause cancer
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H402	Harmful to aquatic life

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations

H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document

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This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

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